## **Change your Culture** - **Residents AND Homes**

#### **Speakers:**

Joolz Masters | DLUHC Laurence Hodgson | HSE Annemarie Fenlon | Peabody





# The Code of Practice for the Remediation of Residential Buildings

**Residents Voice** 

PUBLIC INFORAMTION



#### **Complying with the Code of Practice**

Making residents a key stakeholder





#### Being on the front foot

What the Code expects and putting things in place

#### Understanding how to comply and applying it consistently

- Clear roles and responsibilities
- Keeping residents informed and residents know how to get in contact
- Giving residents the opportunity to be involved when reasonable to do so
- Giving residents the chance to meet those responsible for the project
- Mitigating impacts on residents' lives and homes
- ✤ Assuring that projects are compliant





**Residents as a key stakeholder** 

Remediation projects are significant construction works that will have an impact on residents' lives!

The Code is about putting the resident as a key stakeholder and firmly into the frame of project design and delivery. It will not always be possible to put every mitigation in place or get everything right.

- Ask your residents how they want to be a stakeholder and about their experiences throughout the process
- Tell ensure everybody who is part of the project knows that residents are a key stakeholder and your expectations on this
- Explain to residents what you are doing and what you are not able to do and why, you must make decisions, being appropriate, reasonable and proportionate
- Review remediation projects, talk to the people delivering them about your residents and learn what worked well, what didn't and why

## **Change your Culture** - **Residents AND Homes**

#### **Speakers:**

Joolz Masters | DLUHC Laurence Hodgson | HSE Annemarie Fenlon | Peabody





### **The Building Safety Regulator**

Laurence Hodgson Senior Policy Advisor, Building Safety Programme



#### **Overview of Part 4 of the Building Safety Act 2022**



- Introduces new dutyholders Accountable Persons and Principal Accountable Persons – APs and PAPs
- Defines building safety risks for the purposes of the Act
  - Spread of fire
  - Structural failure
- Sets out the buildings in scope
  - At least 18 metres in height or have at least 7 storeys
  - Contains at least 2 residential units
- Requires APs to take all reasonable steps to prevent building safety risks and reduce the severity of an incident should it occur





#### **Key Messages**

 Although Act imposes new duties (such as registration and safety case report), in practical terms:

If you are managing these risks effectively in your building(s) you will likely already be doing most of what you need to do to satisfy the Act's requirements

• Overarching duty in the Act requires APs to:

Take all reasonable steps to prevent building safety risks and reduce the severity of an incident should it occur

• Proportionality is important:

The measures in place, and the demonstration to BSR, should be proportionate to the risks in that particular building

#### **Residents' Engagement Strategies**



- It relates to Building Safety Decisions which are:
  - About the management of the building; and
  - Relate to complying with duties under part 4 of the Act
- The Act sets out four things the strategy needs to contain:
  - The information you'll provide residents with
  - What you'll ask residents about
  - How you'll collect and use opinions
  - How you'll measure and review participation

#### **Key Messages**



- The residents' engagement strategy needs to be specific to each building it needs to take account of the resident profile, including those who may have additional needs
- Building trust with residents takes time and effort but the result is worth it
- BSR recognises that it can be a challenge knowing exactly who is living in your building
  - You need to take reasonable steps to identify residents, their needs and to distribute the strategy, but the Act acknowledges this will not always be possible
  - For example if a flat is used for short-term rental, you may not know the occupier, but you are likely to know who the owner is
- There is lots of good work going on engaging with residents and building their trust



- BSR expects to start assessing BAC applications from April 2024
- BSR plans to assess existing buildings over a period of 5 years
  - Timing will be based on height / number of dwellings and information from registration
- When invited, the PAP will have 28 days to submit the BAC application
- Application must include: A copy of the latest safety case report
  - A copy of the residents' engagement strategy
  - Information on how the mandatory occurrence reporting system operates
  - A statement confirming all APs have supplied relevant information and documents to all appropriate persons (BSR, residents, other APs etc.)

## **Change your Culture** - **Residents AND Homes**

#### **Speakers:**

Joolz Masters | DLUHC Laurence Hodgson | HSE Annemarie Fenlon | Peabody



Annemarie Fenlon Managing Director, North West London Peabody

National Housing Maintenance Forum Maintenance Conference



### **About Peabody**



More than 160 years old



107,000 homes across London and the home counties



Social rent subsidy £621m



380 High Rise Buildings

232 – Principle Accountable Person (PAP)



More than a quarter of a million repairs last year



£356m on improvements, fire safety and maintenance





### Getting closer to our residents



Local neighbourhood and repair teams

Voice of the Resident



Data



Locally focused teams including Contractors

**Specialist centralised teams** 



### The future



Lessons learned



What we need to do differently



Language



Work together to know our Residents and their homes.....



Thank you for

listening



## **Change your Culture** - **Residents AND Homes**

#### **Speakers:**

Joolz Masters | DLUHC Laurence Hodgson | HSE Annemarie Fenlon | Peabody

