Workshop 2c

Taking shape and paving the way: the new building safety regime and you

Speakers: Lorna Kenyon-Pain, Anthony Collins Solicitors LLP Jeremy Bevan, Building Safety Regulator, and Andrew Millross, Anthony Collins Solicitors LLP

Chaired by: Dominic Higgins

Room: C



NHMF Maintenance Conference 2022

Coverage

Lorna – an overview of the Bill and its contents

Jeremy – detail on competence, the safety case, Building Safety manager role and resident engagement

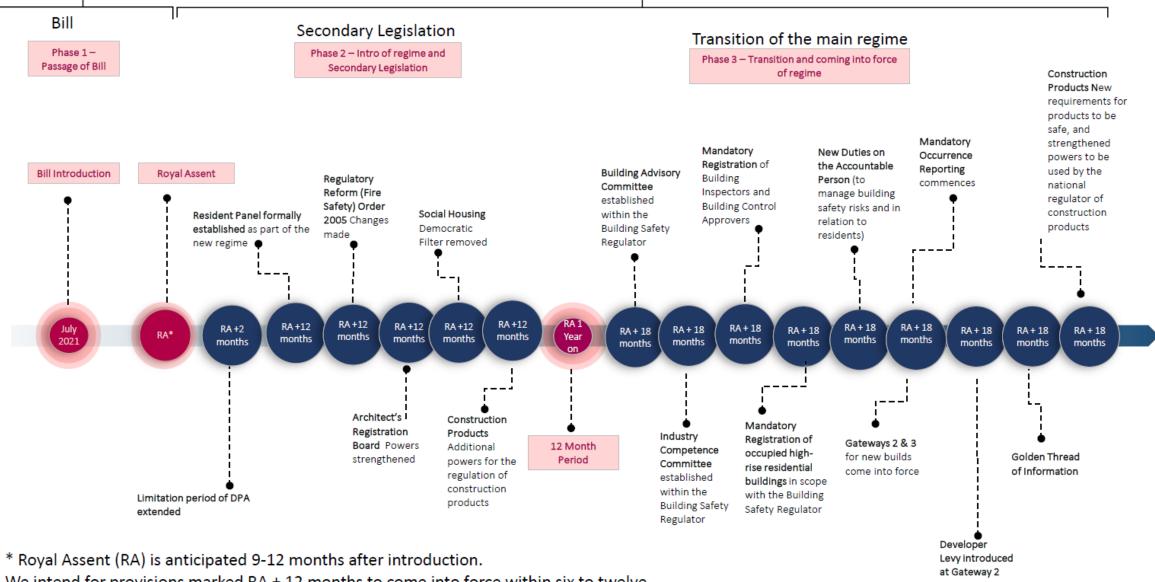
Andrew – practical implications for maintenance



The Building Safety Bill

- What does it cover?
- Where are we now?
- ☐ Likely timescales
- Detailed factsheets- <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/building</u> -safety-bill-factsheets





We intend for provisions marked RA + 12 months to come into force within six to twelve months of Royal Assent.

We intend for provisions marked RA + 18 months to come into force within twelve to eighteen months of Royal Assent.

Building Safety Bill & Transition

I. Identify the higher-risk buildings 2. Identify the Accountable Persons and the Principal Accountable Persons 3. Register the higher-risk building 4. Appoint a Building Safety Manager or decide to manage the role internally 5. Conduct an assessment of the building safety risks 6. Take all reasonable steps as required by the assessment 7. Safety Case Report 8. Establish the mandatory occurrence reporting system and complaints procedure 9. Comply with information sharing and retention obligations 10. Residents Engagement Strategy 11. Apply for Building Assurance Certificate

What is a Higher-Risk Building?

- ☐ Still 18m or 7 storeys and above
- ☐ Changing the definition?
- ☐ Duty on BSR to advise SoS on scope
- ☐ Position different in Wales



Who holds which role?

- ☐ The Accountable Person
- The Principal Accountable Person
- The Building Safety Manager
- What about all of the other roles? Responsible Person, Person with Responsibility etc



A Holistic view of the risks relating to building safety

- □ The current position considering risks in silos?
- An Accountable Person must promptly take all reasonable steps for
 - (a) preventing a building safety risk materialising as regards the part of the building for which they are responsible; and / or
 - (b) reducing the severity of any incident resulting from such a risk materialising

Conference

The Accountable Person must make and give effect to arrangements for the purpose of ensuring the effective planning, organisation, control, monitoring and review of the steps taken

Building Safety Regulator (BSR)



Aspects of the new regime in focus NHMF conference, Stratford-upon-Avon

Jeremy Bevan, BSR policy team





Competence – why it matters

- At the sharp end YOU. Need for a systematic end-to-end approach in ensuring competence of those you engage for work in relation to HRBs
- Broad remit: covers roles in refurbishment and minor works - and procurement
- BSR remit to improve competence for all industry professionals and Building Control regulators to raise standards in design, construction, sign-off and management of buildings
- Working with organisations including the BSI and the Competence Steering Group to design the competence framework and



Safety case report – what and why?

Building Safety Regulator HSE

'All reasonable steps' to ensure building is safe. Demonstrates:

- Why you believe the measures you have in place to prevent and limit the consequences of a major accident in your building are proportionate and effective; and
- A robust approach to the ongoing management of the building so those measures remain effective.

<u>Safety case principles for high-rise residential buildings: Building safety</u> <u>reform – Early key messages (hse.gov.uk)</u>

Think about your building holistically - as a system.

Considering the effects of maintenance and refurbishment work on that system is a vital component of the safety case





The Building Safety Manager – eyes and ears (1)



Building Safety Manager must be in place in all occupied higher-risk buildings

- Role? To help the Accountable Person meet their obligations to manage in-occupation safety in accordance with Safety Case principles
- Must have the skills, knowledge, experience and behaviours to carry out the role - BSI's PAS 8673 framework for BSM competence being developed
- Your key person with day-to-day responsibility for keeping the building safe for residents – are you prepared?



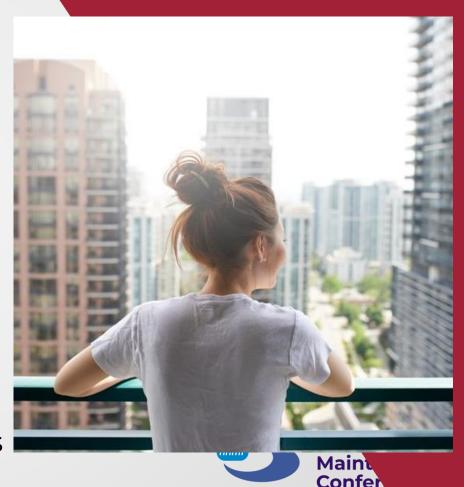
Residents Engagement Strategy – eyes and ears (2)



Purpose? To promote participation and engagement in decision-making about building safety risks

Will need to:-

- Set out what information will be provided to residents, and how
- Describe how residents' views will be sought – a two-way process, especially important where minor maintenance is concerned
- How will you measure that the strategy is working: relevant indicators?





What can you do to prepare?

- Think about your fire and structural risks and how to maintain their integrity throughout the building's life cycle
- Are those working in safety critical roles competent - do they have the right skills, knowledge, experience and behaviours required?
- Collect the information you need to demonstrate an integrated, responsive approach to managing/controlling risk





Keep up to date

HSE produces a e-Bulletin giving regular updates – search for 'Building Safety' on HSE's website https://www.hse.gov.uk/building-safety/index.htm

Save as a favourite and re-visit frequently – content is evolving rapidly

Thank you



Jeremy Bevan, HSE Building Safety Regulator

"Refurbishments – general approach"

New Building Regulations

- ☐ Under Building Act 1984
- ☐ Criminal offence to carry out prescribed work without approval

Enforcement by Building Safety Regulator





Proportionality

Different Building Regs requirements for different types of work

Competent Person Scheme for simpler works

- No advance application
- Notice to Building Safety Regulator with 30 days of completion

Contract implications – smaller works

Competent person

- ☐ Due diligence will there be a register?
- Contractual warranty that the Contractor is (and will continue to be) a "competent person"

Notification

- Problems may not be picked up until well after works completed
- ☐ Time limit for BSR to challenge?
- Access arrangements



Major works regulatory requirements

Application to BSR before works start

☐ To assess whether proposals comply with Building Regs and assure building safety

Inspections at key stages of the works

Obligation to obtain approval for major changes to the original proposals

Check on compliance and issue of "compliance certificate"



Contract implications – major works

Responsibility for obtaining Building Regulations approval

- □ Contractor or client
- Both initially and if "major changes" needed to the works when on site
- Completion certificate

Risk of BSR delays

- □ Contractor risk
- □ Time only
- ☐ Time and money



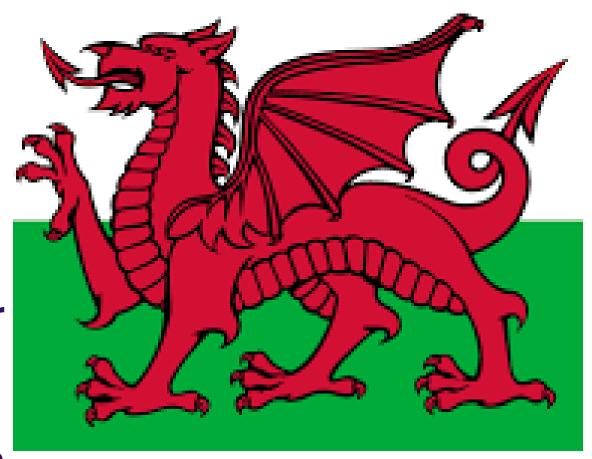
Welsh proposals

Not limited to buildings over 18m/7 storeys

 Different categories of multioccupied buildings

"Gateway approach" to major refurbishments

New offence of "knowingly breaching compartmentation







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Thank you.

See you at the next conference!

